

POCKETS.

At Telluride, Col., the Tomboy mine is at an altitude of 12,000 feet.

It is said that there is no Norway iron imported into this country at the present time.

In New Mexico mining may be carried on every day in the year, as the mines are at an altitude of about 5,000 feet, and the climate is equable.

The tin ores found in California are in the southern part of the state at Temescal. The ore consists of oxide of tin, known as cassiterite, and is in fissure veins in granite formation.

One thousand and forty-five degrees centigrade is the melting point of pure gold, and if the temperature is raised above this point the metal will volatilize. An alloy will render the gold volatile at a considerable lower temperature.

At Bannock, Mont., the first gold bucket dredge operated in the United States was set up in 1895; near Redding, Shasta county, California, a rude dredger was operated in 1894, and two years later the first scientifically constructed dredge was operated in the same state.

The Kennedy mine, in Amador county, California, is probably the deepest mine in the country producing only gold. Its shaft is over 2,600 feet deep. The Congress mine in Arizona is generally called the deepest gold mine, but gold, although the principal product, is not the only one.

Quicksilver is now produced not only in California, but in Oregon, British Columbia and Texas, in commercial quantities. The Texas cinnabar is crystalline, and native quicksilver is also found in the limestone there. Five companies are producing some 3,000 flasks a year—a little over a quarter of a million pounds.

ODDS AND ENDS.

When Margaret Dinwiddie died at Rushville, Ind., six years ago, she left an estate valued at \$80,000. There was litigation between the heirs, and the other day the last remaining fragment of the property, worth \$15,000, was turned over by order of the court to the lawyers engaged in the several suits growing out of conflicting claims.

The present New Jersey legislature includes men of greater variety as to pursuit than any of its predecessors, there being two dozen in all, with 34 lawyers among the lot. The labor element is represented by one plumber, one henneman, one mechanical engineer, one miller, one potter, two salesmen, one shoe dealer, one steel worker and one wagoner.

In Nebraska, where whole townships are covered with prairie dog villages, an expedition of scientists is experimenting with methods for exterminating the pests. The most effective means used hitherto is the putting into their holes lighted balls of cotton saturated with carbon bisulphide, which gives off a deadly gas.

Mayor Zimmerman, of Richmond, Ind., looks over his mail but once a week—on Friday—and has followed that practice for 15 years. "If anyone has aught of importance to say to me," explained his honor, "he will telegraph, telephone or call personally. Trivial matters do not require my immediate attention and I refuse to be inconvenienced daily by a batch of letters discussing unimportant matters."

SCIENCE SIFTINGS.

It is anticipated that for the determination of longitude the wireless system will eventually take the place of cable and telegraph lines.

In speaking of the effect of sun spots on the earth, Prof. Elkins, of the Yale observatory, said: "They produce no climatic or atmospheric disturbances or changes. The effect of the spots is entirely magnetic. It takes a very sensitive compass to be affected even."

At the recent meeting of medical men at Lisbon an account was given of the discovery of a new serum for cancer by a physician and a druggist in Brazil. The Brazilian authorities appointed a commission to investigate their claims, and according to the Correio da Manha, it was surprised by the wonderful effects of the remedy. A report is soon to be published.

Colorado, Wyoming and Utah have many women office holders, three recent elections giving the office of city treasurer to women, two receiving the city clerkship and one town elected a woman clerk and recorder. Both Idaho and Colorado have women state superintendents of public instruction, the one in the latter state now serving her third term. The national superintendent of Indian schools is a Wyoming woman.

FRUGALITY AND ECONOMY.

To manage a little well is a vast and glorious merit in house managing.

Frugality and economy are home virtues which are needful to the prosperity of the home.

The need of practicing economy belongs to every one, whether in the possession of an income no more than sufficient for a family's requirements, or of a large fortune which banishes financial adversity from the mind.

Said great and good and growing old Dr. Johnson: "Frugality may be termed the daughter of prudence, the sister of temperance, and the parent of liberty. He that is extravagant will quickly become poor, and poverty will enforce dependence and invite corruption."

Said famous Bishop Hall: "He is a good wagoner that can turn in a little room. To live well in abundance is the praise of the estate, not of the person. I will study more how to give a good account of my little than how to make it more." This is the part of wisdom, particularly since those who manage a little well are the most likely to succeed in the management of larger matters, and also to have the larger matters to manage.

FACTS FROM FOREIGN FIELDS.

The Turks are but one-sixth of the population of European Turkey.

The British national pavilion at the world's fair, St. Louis, will be a reproduction of the Orangery, or banquet hall, of the Kensington palace, in Kensington gardens, London.

M. Thopiteau, French deputy, proposes to tax all games of hazard to the extent of eight per cent. of the sums at stake. M. Thopiteau estimates that the tax would bring in an annual revenue of \$2,000,000.

This is one of the favorite sayings of President Diaz, of Mexico: "A strong personal government is necessary for a Latin race." That is what he has always aimed to give the people of Mexico. Another of his sayings is: "The strongest alliance I know of is a commercial alliance."

The Turkish bey landlord in Macedonia gets half the farmer's produce. Every village supports a number of Turkish policemen, who are really parasites, the average household paying them \$6.25 out of an income of \$50—not for protection, but for a precarious immunity from outrage.

The colonial treasurer of the Transvaal has sent to England for \$50,000 worth of pennies with the view of aiding in the reduction of the cost of living in the Rand. Owing to the dearth of pennies, matches are at present used as a portion of the currency of the Rand.

King Edward, when prince of Wales, was asked, according to a late London club story, what he would do should he meet with a sudden reverse of fortune, or if the monarchy were overthrown. The reply credited to the prince is: "Well, I think I might support my wife and family by lecturing in the United States on how it feels to be prince of Wales."

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

Holton, Mo., with a population of 4,500, has 17 churches.

Of the population of Buffalo one-twentieth are German; in Boston one-twentieth.

Assessors place the total worth of property at Atlantic City at \$50,000,000. Cincinnati has the tallest concrete building in the world. It has 15 stories.

Thirty-six young men living in Plymouth, Pa., refused to vote at the recent election because candidates for county offices declined to purchase ball tickets or provide funds for a supper incident to the dance. The strikers have formed a permanent organization, with constitution and by-laws. One of these provides that no candidate shall receive support unless he contributes a certain amount to the club funds.

The British commissioners who came over here to study city government in the United States took home with them a number of American ideas which they will endeavor to have adopted in their own country. They were not favorably impressed with the police regulation of traffic in some of the eastern cities. "In London," says one of the commissioners, a policeman holds up his hand and then traffic stops. In New York a policeman holds up his hand and then—jumps out of the way to avoid being run down."

Oliver Jenkins, a resident of Cleveland, thinks he has solved the crowded car problem and asked the local street railway to make a thorough test of his improved vehicle. Jenkins has worked on the theory that one person sitting occupies as much floor space as three persons standing. The main feature of his invention is the side walls rising perpendicularly from the floor instead of cut under the seats. Jenkins claims this will make room for 300 persons in his car. He would add four rows of straps for passengers.

FRILLS OF FASHION.

Garnets are again in favor. Moleskin is supreme among fur.

Ash gray is a leader among light colors.

Applications of moleskin appear on collars of cluny lace.

Siberian blue, a medium tint, is one of fashion's favorites.

Drawnwork medallions figure on all kinds of wash neckwear.

The renaissance pattern is conspicuous in the new passementeries.

Mink is to be employed as a border for evening dresses of chiffon.

High class milliners are using soft crushed leather belts as hat bands.

Four hats are required to securely anchor the modish types of headgear.

Peacock feathers are mounted on brooches, hatpins, buckles and charms.

The newest handbags are fashioned from patent leather in a variety of colors.

Embossed velvets in medium and small designs are again coming into favor.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE.

In the opinion of the health department of Chicago every school in that city should be provided with apparatus to sterilize drinking water.

The number of high school students studying physics decreased during the past ten years from 24 to 18 per cent., while the number studying Latin increased from 40 to 50 per cent.

The Harvard committee, headed by ex-Secretary John D. Long, has invited Circuit Attorney Joseph W. Folk, of St. Louis, recently made famous by his successful prosecutions of "grafters," to deliver the oration at the commencement at Harvard university next June.

Kansas school teachers are at a premium, especially in the rural districts, and reports say that similar conditions exist in Missouri. Good positions, with good salaries attached, have gone a-begging. One fair teacher near Emporia suddenly quit work and a notice posted on the school house door told her erstwhile pupils that she had gone to husk corn. A man has succeeded her.

THE "CITY OF CRICKETS."

Seems to Be an Appropriate Name for San Antonio, Tex.—Insects Are Proliferous There.

"San Antonio ought to be called the city of crickets," said a man who has just returned to New Orleans from Texas, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "for I have never found as many crickets anywhere on earth as I found out there. It is not simply a case of the cricket on the hearth. It is a case of the cricket everywhere you go. I have been trying to figure out why it is that these insects are so plentiful in the Texas town in question. At night they swarm around the electric lights like the bugs we are familiar with in other places. It is impossible to walk along the streets without stepping on them. And there is just a bit of poetry about the situation in San Antonio with respect to cricket life there."

The people generally look upon them with a feeling of affection, and it is a rare thing to see a citizen show any sort of indifference to the members of this interesting family. No man would think of treading on a cricket. They take particular pains not to do anything that would in any way injure the lives or limbs of crickets. I was speaking of the poetry of the situation. It is a fine thing to hear the crickets crooning early in the evening. They chirp as cheerfully as if they were hidden away in the weeds of some romantic hedge or on the hearth which has been immortalized in verse and song. Men hurry along the streets; women brush along with their musical skirts, and all the while the crickets keep on crooning their little love songs, just as if the pulses of humanity were not beating about them. It is interesting, picturesque, poetic and, if I had my way, I would christen San Antonio the 'City of Crickets.' I think the name would add color to a city already romantic in its rich coloring."

HOLD-UP EASILY FOILED.

With Valuables in Left Hand Protection Is Perfect—Plan Has Sanction of Police.

A man who carries his money and his watch in his left hand will never lose a penny nor a time-piece in a hold-up. The precaution which is a perfect one, is so simple that few people have thought of it. Yet it has the sanction of the police, and its efficacy has been proven in more than one instance, says the Chicago Tribune.

As soon as the citizen is confronted by the hold-up man he will, if he has his money and his watch in his hand, throw them on the nearest lawn or into the ditch. No highway robber has time to stop and look for either. There is no sense in carrying valuables in the right hand, because the first move of every accomplished hold-up man is to grab his victim by his right arm. The movement is made to prevent the victim from reaching for a revolver.

The man who tries to draw a revolver while the hold-up man is in front of him takes his life in his hands. If a citizen carries a revolver at all he should carry it in his right hand while in a dangerous street. His money and his watch should always be in his left. Then after he had thrown them away and the robber has departed discomfited the victim can take his time about finding his property.

This simply plan discounts all the revolvers, sword canes, slungshots, and brass knuckles ever invented and has the added beauty that it can be employed by a woman as well as a man. To throw the purse or the watch away takes but a fraction of a second, and that isn't long.

GROUSE IS A CLEVER BIRD.

It Evades the Hunter by Tricks That Display Its Intelligence, Even When Wounded.

The grouse has 100 tricks of defense says Oving. It will sometimes lie still until the hunter is within a yard of it, then soar straight upward in his front, towering like a woodcock; again, it will rise 40 yards away, and the sound of its wings is his only notice of its presence. It will cover upon a branch under which he passes, and his cap will not be more than a foot below it as he goes, and though it has seen him approaching, it will remain quiescent in frightful fear until his back is turned. It will flush then, and when he has slewed himself hurriedly around he will catch only a glimpse of a brown, broad wing far away.

Wounded and falling in the open, it will be found—if it is found at all—with the telltale speckles of its breast against the trunk of some brown tree against which its feathers are indistinguishable, and the black ruff about the neck of the male will be laid against the darkest spot of the bark. Often it will double like a fox; often, as man draws near, it will spring noiselessly into some spruce and hide until he passes, dropping then to the ground and continuing its feeding; often, too, it will decline to take wing, though unhurt, and will run fast for a half mile—so fast that the most expert woodsman will be unable to keep pace with it. This it will do only on leafy ground and never when snow would betray its tracks.

Word with a History.

"Shibboleth" is a word frequently used in modern politics, though it may be doubted whether many politicians know the history of it. Curiously enough, this Hebrew word really means "an ear of corn" as well as a "river;" but its significance for moderns arises from the fact that it was employed as a test to distinguish the Ephraimites from the Gileadites, the former being unable to pronounce the "sh" sound.

FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS.

The Henderson Route—Always First

The traveling public will be pleased to learn of the latest innovation in the way of comfort in travel for its patrons which is now being offered by that most popular railroad, the "Henderson Route," which road has been rightly termed the "Kentuckian's Official Route to the West and Southwest."

It has just been announced from the general office of the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis Railway that they now have in service on their night trains between Louisville and St. Louis, Free Reclining Chair Cars, which have just been received from the shops and are a revelation in the car builder's art.

The cars are strictly up-to-date, first-class "palaces of travel" on wheels, and this is only one of the many surprises which are promised the public for the World's Fair travel by the Henderson Route.

Among other advantages offered in these highly finished cars, a few of the most important points only are mentioned:

They are solidly vestibuled and are furnished with sixty-four reclining chairs, which are upholstered in beautiful green plush, in addition to smoking and toilet rooms, the smoking rooms being finished throughout in leather. They are also fitted up with triple trucks, which feature will do away with the jerk, jar and strain incident to travel in the ordinary railway coach, and insures a smooth, comfortable ride. This should prove more than a popular feature in train service to the traveling public, and you can only suggest that in traveling you "get the 'Henderson Route' habit."

LEXINGTON

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The Places to Buy When in Lexington.

F. FUGAZZI.

Finest Fruits and Confections. Fine Cigars and Tobacco.

Cor. Main and Limestone.

Opp. Phoenix.

HEADQUARTERS

For Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Cut Glass, &c.

V. BOGAERT,

135 W. Main St. The Leading Jeweler.

NEW ENGLISH KITCHEN.

MEALS, 25 CTS.

12 W. Short Street.

FURLONG & PEDDICORD.

J. L. WATSON.

DRY GOODS, TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS, &c.

High-class Ladies' Tailoring.

18-20 N. Upper St.

JAMES A. TODD.

LEXINGTON'S LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring.

10 N. Upper St.

C. F. MAURER.

Graduate Optician. Eyes Tested Free.

Watch Repairing.

FINE JEWELRY. 633 Main St., Lexington, Ky.

LITTLE PARLOR SALOON AND CAFE.

ED. MARTIN, PROP.

Headquarters Famous Old Tub Fowler Whiskey.

GEORGE GREGORY, } Clerks.

WM. (BALLY) NEAL, }

111 South Limestone.

F. N. WOODS.

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

Fine Harness and Saddlery.

142 N. Limestone, - Lexington, Ky.

Telephones, 704.

THOS. B. DEWHURST.

Sporting Goods, Fishing Tackle, Bicycle Sundries and Repairs.

Talking Machine. 116 E. MAIN ST., - LEXINGTON, KY.

WRENN & KING.

Engraving, Stationery, Books, Pictures, Blank Books, Office Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.

S. E. COR. MAIN AND MILL STS., LEXINGTON, KY.

GOOD TAILORING.

At Fair Prices.

MINER & JACOBS,

MEN'S TAILORS.

CORNER MAIN AND UPPER STREETS, LEXINGTON, KY.

THE HUB.

G. W. ADAMS, PROP.

Opp. L. and N. Depot.

Fine Wines, Whiskies, Cigars and Tobacco.

OLD SAM OLAY WHISKY.

DAVIS & FARIS,

Are receiving fresh goods daily.

Very best money can buy.

Inveriable in quality and price

Sure to please all who buy them

Ask for our special brand of Coffee.

Nothing gets old in our store.

Anything you want we have it.

First-class Groceries. Only one price.

Anything that don't please, we take back.

Risk us once and you'll be a customer.

In everything we guarantee.

Satisfaction or refund your money.

Both 'Phones, 433.

R. T. Bridwell.

M. Lee Starke.

Bridwell & Starke.

DEALERS IN

Coal, Hay, Straw, Feed, Sand, Brick, Lime, Etc.

Car Load Lots a Specialty.

Both 'Phones 276.

Templin's Old Stand.

Nos. 310-1314 South Main.

PARIS, - - - KENTUCKY.

NEW GOODS.

NEW CANNED GOODS OF ALL KINDS AND BEST BRANDS.

NEW PRESERVES AND MINCE MEAT

NEW EVAPORATED PEACHES,

APPLES AND APRICOTS,

NEW HOMINY.

NAVY BEANS, LIMA BEANS and GRITS

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES (New Crop)

New Kraut and Pickles, Pure Cider Vinegar and

Fruits and Vegetables.

Country Produce Wanted—Cash or Trade.

BAIRD & TAYLOR

FRENCH LICK

WEST BADEN SPRINGS.

In the highlands of Indiana—a two hours ride from Louisville there flow wonderful healing waters, that you'd spend hundreds of dollars to enjoy if they were in Europe.

A recent visitor from Philadelphia, who formerly went to Carlsbad every year, said: "I do not see why anyone goes to Europe for medicinal waters. The water is as beneficial, and the scenery and surrounding country, the air and the opportunities for recreation are better; the hotels and accommodations are much finer at French Lick-West Baden Springs"—and this gentleman is a native of Switzerland.

The splendidly wooded hills with the cool, invigorating air of these highlands where one can enjoy rambles in the depths of the forest, or rides and drives among the numerous bridle paths and roadways, afford pleasure for those who desire rest and quiet; while at the splendid and casinos one can have all the entertainment and social pleasures possible at the most fashionable resorts.

ON THE MONON ROUTE.

For booklet telling all about the waters, Hotel Rates and full information, write

E. H. BACON, District Pass. Agt. Louisville, Ky.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 a box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AFTER USING.

LOGS WANTED.

I will be in Bourbon county for the next 8 months buying timber. I will pay the highest market price for Walnut, Oak, Ash and Hickory.

WILL FORSYTH.

13a-34

Paris, Ky.

Three Chesterwhite Boars, old enough for service. Address or apply to J. C. OLARK.